

SELEXID FILM-COATED TABLET®

Pivmecillinam hydrochloride (400mg)

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What Selexid® is used for

Selexid® is used to treat:

- Infections of the bladder (cystitis) in adults.

How Selexid® works

Selexid® belongs to a group of medicines called penicillins. It is a type of antibiotic. Selexid® works by killing germs (bacteria) that cause infections.

Before you use Selexid®

- When you must not use it

Your doctor may have prescribed a different use or dosage than stated in this information. Always follow your doctor's instructions.

Do not take Selexid®:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to pivmecillinam or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section Product Description – Ingredients)
- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to other antibiotics. Such antibiotics include penicillin or cephalosporins
- if you have narrowing of the oesophagus
- if you suffer from a condition which may reduce the amount of a substance called carnitine in your body. Such conditions include carnitine transporter defect, methylmalonic aciduria and propionic acidemia.
- If you have ever developed a severe skin rash or skin peeling, blistering and/or mouth sores after taking Selexid® or other beta-lactam antibiotics (such as

amoxicillin, penicillin V and flucloxacillin).

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Pregnancy

Selexid® can be taken during

pregnancy. Some cases of false-positive newborn screening tests simulating the presence of isovaleric acidemia have been reported. The intake of Selexid® shortly before delivery may affect the neonatal screening for metabolic disorders and give a false positive result. A “false positive” means that the test wrongly indicates that your child has the disorder. There is no risk for the newborn, but you should tell your doctor if you took Selexid® shortly before delivery.

Breast-feeding

Selexid® can be taken during breast-feeding.

Fertility

Clinical studies concerning fertility have not been done.

- Before you start to use it

Talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse before taking Selexid®. The tablets must be taken with at least half a glass of fluid to prevent the tablets from getting stuck in your oesophagus.

Before you start the treatment tell your doctor:

- If you have porphyria
- If you have already used Selexid® recently, as prolonged use may reduce the amount of carnitine in your body

During treatment:

If you suddenly have diarrhoea while taking Selexid® tell your doctor immediately. This may be because your bowel is inflamed (colitis).

- Serious skin reactions (SCAR) including Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis, drug reaction with eosinophilia and systemic symptoms (DRESS) have been reported in association with Selexid® treatment. Stop taking Selexid® and seek medical attention immediately if you experience any of the symptoms related to these serious skin reactions described in section Side Effect.

The intake of Selexid® shortly before delivery may affect the neonatal screening for inherited metabolic disorders and give a false positive result. A “false positive” means that the test wrongly indicates that your child has the disorder. There is no risk for the newborn, but you should tell your doctor if you took Selexid® shortly before delivery.

- Taking other medicine

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you use any of the following medicines:

- probenecid (for treating gout). This may increase the effect of Selexid®
- methotrexate (for treating rheumatism, cancer). The excretion of methotrexate from your body may be slower when used together with Selexid®
- valproate or valproic acid (for treating epilepsy). This increases the risk of too little carnitine in your body when used together with Selexid®
- other anti-inflammatory medicines (e.g. tetracyclines, erythromycin, other beta-lactam antibiotics). This can influence the effect of Selexid®

How to use Selexid®

- How much to use

- Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you.
- Check with your doctor, pharmacist or nurse if you are

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not sure.

- You should take the medicine at equally spaced times in the day. When you have to take it three times a day, take it at breakfast, at lunch and then at dinner time.
- Selexid® must be taken with at least half a glass of liquid.
- Your doctor will tell you how long you need to use Selexid® tablets.

Adults

The recommended dose is 400 mg 3 times daily for 3 to 7 days.

Elderly: dose adjustment is not necessary.

If you have reduced kidney function or reduced liver function dose adjustment is not necessary.

Children and adolescents

Do not give this medicine to children and adolescents below 18 years because the potential benefits may not be greater than the risks.

- When to use it

You can take your medicine with or immediately after a meal. You must take Selexid® with at least half a glass of water. It is important to take your medicine with plenty of liquid and in good time before bedtime.

This will prevent Selexid® from getting stuck in your oesophagus

- How long to take it

It is very important to take all the medicine that your doctor has told you to take. You must finish this medicine even if you feel better. You must do this because otherwise you may feel ill again.

- If you forget to use it

If you forget to take your medicine, take it as soon as you remember. Always take it with at least half a glass of water or other liquid. Then take the next dose at the usual time.

- If you use too much (overdose)

Tell your doctor straight away. You may need to stop taking this medicine. You may be sick, feel sick or get an upset stomach.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.

While you are using it

- Things you must do

Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you.

Check with your doctor, pharmacist or nurse if you are not sure. You should take the medicine at equally spaced times in the day. For example, if you have to take it three times a day, take it at breakfast, at lunch and then at dinner time. Selexid® must be taken with at least half a glass of liquid. Your doctor will tell you how long you need to use Selexid® tablets.

- Things you must not do

Do not stop taking the medicine unless advised by your doctor. It is very important to take all the medicine that your doctor has told you to take. You must finish this medicine even if you feel better. You must do this because otherwise you may feel ill again.

Do not take any new medicines without consulting your doctor.

Do not give Selexid® to anyone else, even if they have the same symptoms or condition as you.

- Things to be careful of Driving and using machines

Selexid® has no or negligible influence on your ability to drive or use machines.

Side effect

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Serious side effects:

Stop taking Selexid® and seek medical help immediately if you notice any of the following serious side effects:

- Severe allergic reactions (anaphylactic reactions, angioedema, anaphylactic shock) – signs may include sudden skin rash, swelling of the face, lips, tongue and/or

throat, breathing or swallowing difficulty, fainting due to hypersensitivity. These reactions may be life-threatening.

- Reddish non-elevated, target-like or circular patches on the trunk, often with central blisters, skin peeling, ulcers of mouth, throat, nose, genitals and eyes. These serious skin rashes can be preceded by fever and flu-like symptoms (Stevens-Johnson syndrome or toxic epidermal necrolysis).
- Widespread rash, high body temperature and enlarged lymph nodes (DRESS syndrome or drug hypersensitivity syndrome).
- Severe and lasting bloody diarrhoea with stomach pain and fever (*Clostridium difficile* colitis).

Anaphylactic reactions and *Clostridium difficile* colitis are uncommon and may affect up to 1 in 100 people. The occurrence of angioedema and anaphylactic shock is not known.

Contact your doctor if you notice the following serious side effect:

- Bleeding from skin and mucous membranes and bruising of the skin due to changes in the blood (low platelet count) (thrombocytopenia). Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people.

Other side effects:

Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people.

- Fungal infection of the vagina
- Diarrhoea
- Nausea

Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people

- Headache
- Dizziness
- Feeling of spinning
- Vomiting
- Stomach pain
- Indigestion (problems with digestion)
- Mouth or food pipe ulcer, inflammation of the food pipe

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- Liver function disorders
- Changes in blood or liver values
- Muscle weakness or muscle loss. Tiredness or lack of energy. Too little carnitine in your body may cause these symptoms.
- Nettle rash
- Itching
- Fatigue

simethicone emulsion,
synthetic paraffin.

- MAL number(s):

MAL 18046005ACZ

Manufacturer

APL Strängnäs AB, Mariefredsvägen
35, S-645 41 Strängnäs, Sweden

Product Registration Holder

DKSH Malaysia Sdn Bhd,
B-11-01, The Ascent, Paradigm
No.1, Jalan SS7/26A, Kelana Jaya
47301 Petaling Jaya
Selangor Darul Ehsan

Date of revision

24/10/2025

Serial Number

NPRA (R1/4) 30072024/140

You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring by visiting the website nptra.gov.my [Consumers→ Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF) or Vaccines (AEFI)]

Storage and Disposal of Selexid®

- Storage

- Do not store above 30°C.
- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

- Disposal

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

Product Description

- What it looks like

Selexid® is a white capsule-shaped, film-coated tablet, size 8 x 17 mm.

- Ingredients

- Active ingredient:

The active substance is pivmecillinam hydrochloride. One Selexid® film-coated tablet contains 400 mg pivmecillinam hydrochloride.

- Inactive ingredient:

The other ingredients are hydroxypropylcellulose, hypromellose, magnesium stearate, microcrystallinecellulose,