

SULBACIN TABLET

Sultamicillin (375 mg)

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What is SULBACIN is used for
Sulbacin is used to treat stomach, skin and soft tissue, respiratory tract, ear, nose, throat, genito-urinary infection.

How SULBACIN works

SULBACIN contains sultamicillin, which kills bacteria by inhibiting cell wall formation.

Before you use SULBACIN

- When you must not use it

Do not take SULBACIN if:

- you are allergic to penicillin or cephalosporin antibiotics, or any other ingredients of this medicine (listed in Product Description)

-Before you start to use it

Please consult your doctor or pharmacist if you are/have:

- infectious mononucleosis (kissing disease), as it may cause skin rash or super infection
- pregnant, planning for pregnancy or breast-feeding before using any medicine. Sulbacin can cross placental and secrete in breastmilk. Safety use in pregnancy and lactation has not been established, caution should be exercised when administered to a pregnancy or nursing woman.

-Taking other medications

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from a pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Medications that may interact with Sulbacin are as following:

Antigout medication: allopurinol, Probenecid
Blood thinning medication
Antibiotic: chloramphenicol,

erythromycin, sulfonamides and tetracyclines

Oral contraceptive

Immunosuppressive medication: methotrexate

Reagent: Benedict's reagent, Fehling's reagent and Clinitest.

How to use SULBACIN

-How much to use

Adults and children above 30kg:
Usual dose 1-2 tablets twice daily for 5-14 days.

If you have severe kidney impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/min), your doctor will reduce the intake frequency.

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor and pharmacist carefully. They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

Tablets are to be swallowed whole, with plenty of water.

-When to use it

Use it twice daily or as directed by your doctor or pharmacist.

-How long to use it

Treatment is usually for 5-14 days or continued until 48 hours after fever and other symptoms have resolved.

-If you forget to use it

Consult your doctor or pharmacist on what you should do if you forget to use it.

Take the missed dose as soon as you remember. If it is almost time for your next dose, wait until then to take the medicine and skip the missed dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for the missed dose.

-If you use too much (overdose)

Contact your doctor immediately or go to the Emergency Department of your nearest hospital, if you think you or anyone else may have taken too much of this medicine. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.

Taking too many tablets may cause nervous system effects, including seizures (Refer to Side effects).

While you are using SULBACIN

-Things you must do

Tell all the doctors, dentists and pharmacists treating you that you are taking SULBACIN.

Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking SULBACIN.

Take SULBACIN only with a doctor's prescription.

Tell your doctor before undergoing any laboratory tests as SULBACIN can give a false-positive result in urine glucose test.

For prolonged therapy, you are advisable to periodically check your kidney, liver and blood function.

-Things you must not do

Do not stop taking the medicine unless advised by your doctor.

Do not take any new medicines without consulting your doctor or pharmacist.

Do not give SULBACIN to anyone else, even if they have the same symptoms or condition as you.

-Things to be careful of

Driving and using machines

This medicine may affect your ability to drive or use machines. If the tablets make you feel sick, dizzy or tired, or give you a headache, do not drive or use machines and contact your doctor immediately.

Side effects

Like all medicines, SULBACIN can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Side effects of SULBACIN are:

Skin disorder: infrequent-rash, itching, swelling, inflammation of the skin, hives; severe inflammation of skin surface, serious skin disorders such as toxic epidermal necrolysis and Stevens-Johnson syndrome.

Kidney disorder: inflammation within the kidney tubules

Blood disorder: rare- low red blood cells, low platelet count, which can cause bleeding under the skin, high or low white blood cells, abnormal platelet clotting

Nervous system disorder: dizziness, rare-drowsiness, sedation, headache, fits

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Liver disorder: Increase liver enzymes

-MAL Number
MAL20061565AZ

General disorder: fatigue, general discomfort

Manufacturer
Unichem Laboratories Ltd.
Village Bhatauli Kalan, Baddi,
District Solan (H.P)- 173 205,
India.

Gastrointestinal disorder: diarrhoea, very rarely - severe inflammation of inner lining of the large intestine

Product Registration Holder
Healol Pharmaceuticals Sdn. Bhd
74-3, Jalan Wangsa Delima 6,
KLSC Wangsa Maju, 53300 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Respiratory disorder: difficulty breathing

Immune system disorder: allergic reaction, severe allergic reaction

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Visit your doctor or pharmacist immediately if you experience any side effects after taking this medicine.

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You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring by visiting the website npa.gov.my [Consumers → Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF) or Vaccines (AEFI)].

Storage and Disposal of SULBACIN

-Storage

Store below 30°C. Protect from light and moisture. Keep medicines out of reach of children.

-Disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

Product Description

-What it looks like

SULBACIN is available as capsule shaped, biconvex, white, film coated tablets having SULBACIN debossed centrally on one side.

-Ingredients

-Active ingredient: Sultamicillin tosilate

-Inactive ingredients: Maize Starch , Lactose Monohydrate , Sodium Starch Glycolate , Hydroxypropyl cellulose, Magnesium Stearate, Hydroxy Propyl Methyl Cellulose, Titanium Dioxide, Diethyl phthalate, Methanol, Methylene chloride