



Vobrax 200mg Capsules

Celecoxib 200mg

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What Vobrax is used for

The name of your medicine is Vobrax 200mg Capsules (called 'Vobrax' in this leaflet). Vobrax contains a medicine called Celecoxib. Celecoxib is used for the management of acute pain in adults and for the treatment of primary dysmenorrhea, relief of the acute and chronic pain and inflammation of rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis; relief of signs and symptoms of ankylosing spondylitis; and for the management of low back pain.

How Vobrax works

Vobrax belongs to a group of medicinal products called nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAID), and specifically a sub-group known as (COX-2) inhibitors. Your body makes prostaglandins that may cause pain and inflammation. In conditions, such as osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis your body makes more of these. Vobrax acts by reducing the production of prostaglandins, thereby reducing the pain and inflammation.

Before you use Vobrax

When you must not use it:

Do not take Vobrax unless you have been prescribed Vobrax by your doctor

Do not take Vobrax:

- If you have severe kidney disease.
- If you are allergic to celecoxib or any of the other ingredients of this medicine
- If you currently have an ulcer in your stomach or intestines, or

bleeding in your stomach or intestines.

- If as a result of taking acetylsalicylic acid or any other anti-inflammatory and pain-relieving medicine (NSAID) you have had asthma, nose polyps, severe nose congestion, or an allergic reaction such as an itchy skin rash, swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat, breathing difficulties or wheezing.
- If you have severe liver disease.
- If you have an inflammatory disease of the intestines.
- If you who have increased risk of cardiovascular disease (ischemic heart disease and stroke) i.e. if you have heart failure, or you have been diagnosed with a heart attack, stroke, or mini-stroke (temporary reduction of blood flow to the brain, blockages of blood vessels to the heart or brain).
- If you have or have had problems with your blood circulation (peripheral arterial disease) or if you have had surgery on the arteries of your legs.
- This medicine contains lactose. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

Pregnancy and lactation

Do not take Vobrax if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or think you might be pregnant. If you can become pregnant during ongoing treatment you should discuss methods of contraception with your doctor.

Do not take Vobrax if you are breast-feeding. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine.

Before you start to use it:

Check with your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine:

- If you have previously had an ulcer or bleeding in your stomach or intestines (do not take Vobrax if you currently have an ulcer or

bleeding in your stomach or intestine).

- If you are taking acetylsalicylic acid (even at low dose for heart protective purposes).
- If you use medicines to reduce blood clotting (e.g. warfarin/warfarin like anticoagulants or novel oral anti-clotting medicines, e.g. apixaban).
- If you are using Vobrax at the same time as other non-acetylsalicylic NSAIDs such as ibuprofen or diclofenac. The use of these medicines together should be avoided.
- If you smoke, have diabetes, raised blood pressure or raised cholesterol
- If your heart, liver or kidneys are not working well your doctor may want to keep a regular check on you.
- If you have fluid retention (such as swollen ankles and feet).
- If you are dehydrated, for instance due to sickness, diarrhea or the use of diuretics (used to treat excess fluid in the body).
- If you have had a serious allergic reaction or a serious skin reaction to any medicines.
- If you feel ill due to an infection or think you have an infection, as Vobrax may mask a fever or other signs of infection and inflammation.
- If you have had an allergic reaction to a group of medicines called "sulphonamides" (e.g. some antibiotics used to treat infections).
- Some cases of severe liver reactions, including severe liver inflammation, liver damage, liver failure (some with fatal outcome or requiring liver transplant), have been reported with celecoxib.
- Of the cases that reported time to onset, most severe liver reactions occurred within one month of start of treatment.
- Vobrax may make it more difficult to become pregnant. You should inform your doctor if you are



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planning to become pregnant or if you have problems to become pregnant.

Taking other medicines

Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Tell your doctor if you:

- Are taking anticoagulants such as warfarin or other warfarin like medicines (“blood-thinning” agents that reduce blood clotting) Taking anticoagulants with Vobrax have an increased risk of bleeding complications.
- Are taking anti-hypertensive drugs. Vobrax may reduce the effect of hypertensive medicinal products.
- Are taking ciclosporin and tacrolimus drug (used for immune system suppression e.g. after transplants).
- Are using Vobrax at the same time as non-acetylsalicylic NSAIDs such as ibuprofen or diclofenac. Vobrax can be used with low dose of acetylsalicylic acid.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines:

- Antidepressant drugs, neuroleptics (also known as antipsychotic), anti-arrhythmic drugs (irregular heartbeat rhythm)
- Dextromethorphan (used to treat coughs).
- Metoprolol (used to treat angina (chest pain) and high blood pressure).
- Other medicines to treat depression, sleep disorders such as diazepam, citalopram and imipramine.
- Methotrexate (used to treat rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and leukemia).
- Lithium (used to treat some types of depression).
- Fluconazole and rifampicin (used to treat fungal and bacterial infections).

- Carbamazepine (used to treat epilepsy/seizures and some forms of pain or depression).
- Barbiturates (used to treat epilepsy/seizures and some sleep disorders).

How to use Vobrax

How much to use?

Always take Vobrax exactly as your doctor has told you to. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Symptomatic Treatment of Osteoarthritis (joint disease): The recommended dose of celecoxib is 200 mg administered as a single dose or as 100 mg twice per day.

Symptomatic Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis: The recommended dose of celecoxib is 100 mg or 200 mg twice per day.

Ankylosing Spondylitis (long-term (chronic) condition in which the spine and other areas of the body become inflamed): The recommended dose of celecoxib is 200 mg administered as a single dose or 100 mg twice per day. Some patients may benefit from a total daily dose of 400 mg.

Management of Acute Pain: The recommended dose of celecoxib is 400 mg, initially, followed by an additional 200 mg dose, if needed on the first day. On subsequent days, the recommended dose is 200 mg twice daily, as needed.

Treatment of Primary Dysmenorrhea (painful menstrual cramps): The recommended dose of celecoxib is 400 mg, initially, followed by an additional 200 mg dose, if needed on the first day. On subsequent days, the recommended dose is 200 mg twice daily, as needed.

Low Back Pain: Usual dosage for adults is 100 mg of celecoxib orally twice daily, morning and evening after meal, or 200 mg once daily (100 mg and 200 mg only).

Elderly: No dosage adjustment is generally necessary. However, for

elderly patients with a lower than average body weight (<50 kg), it is advisable to initiate therapy at the lowest recommended dose.

Liver impairment: No dosage adjustment is necessary in patients with mild liver impairment (Child-Pugh Class A). Introduce celecoxib at half the recommended dose in arthritis or pain patients with moderate liver impairment (Child-Pugh Class B).

Patients with severe liver impairment (Child-Pugh Class C) have not been studied.

Kidney impairment: No dosage adjustment is necessary in patients with mild or moderate kidney impairment. There is no clinical experience in patients with severe kidney impairment.

Children: Celecoxib is not indicated for use in children.

When to use it?

You should take your medicine at the same time each day with a drink of water. Vobrax can be taken with or without food.

Always take the medicine at the correct dose as told by your doctor. Ask the doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

How long to use it?:

The time period for taking Vobrax depends on your doctor’s instruction.

If you forget to use it:

It is important that you do not miss any doses. If you miss a dose, take it as soon as you remember. If it is close to your next dose, do not take the missed dose. Just take the next dose at your regular time. Do not take a double dose to make up for the missed dose.

If you take too much (overdose):

If you take too much Vobrax, call your doctor or Poison Control Center, or go



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to the nearest hospital emergency room right away.

While you are using Vobrax

Things you must do:

- Take your medicine exactly as your doctor has told you.
- Tell all the doctors, dentist and pharmacist treating you that you are taking Vobrax
- Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking this medication.

Things you must not do:

- Do not take any medication without consulting your doctor.
- Do not give Vobrax to anyone else, even if they have same symptoms or conditions as you.

Things to be careful of:

- As with other NSAIDs (e.g. ibuprofen or diclofenac) Vobrax may lead to an increase in blood pressure, and so your doctor may ask to monitor your blood pressure on a regular basis.
- Some cases of severe liver reactions, including severe liver inflammation, liver damage, liver failure (some with fatal outcome or requiring liver transplant), have been reported with celecoxib. Of the cases that reported time to onset, most severe liver reactions occurred within one month of start of treatment.
- Vobrax may make it more difficult to become pregnant. You should inform your doctor if you are planning to become pregnant or if you have problems to become pregnant.
- This medicine may affect your ability to drive or use machines. If this medicine make you feel dizzy or drowsy, do not drive or use machine and contact your doctor immediately.

Side effects

Vobrax may cause the following side effects:

Very Common Sides Effects

High blood pressure including worsening of existing high blood pressure.

Common Side Effects

- Inflammation of sinuses (Sinusitis)
- upper respiratory tract infection
- urinary tract infection
- worsening of existing allergies
- Difficulty sleeping
- Heart Attack
- Muscle stiffness
- Headache
- Dizziness
- Cough
- Breathing difficulty
- Sore throat
- Runny or stuffy nose, sneezing
- Stomach ache
- Diarrhea
- Indigestion
- Nausea (feeling sick)
- Vomiting
- Difficulty swallowing
- Rash, itching of the skin
- Painful joint
- Fluid build-up with swollen ankles, leg and/or hands
- Flu like symptoms
- Injury

Uncommon Side Effects

- Stroke
- Heart failure, palpitations (awareness of heart beat), fast heart rate
- Abnormalities in liver-related blood tests
- Abnormalities in kidney-related blood tests
- Anemia (changes in red blood cells that can cause fatigue and breathlessness)
- Anxiety, depression, tiredness, drowsiness, tingling sensations (pins and needles)
- High levels of potassium in blood test results (can cause nausea (feeling sick), fatigue, muscle weakness or palpitations)
- Impaired or blurred vision, ringing in the ears, mouth pain and sores, difficulty hearing
- Constipation, burping, stomach inflammation (indigestion, stomach

ache or vomiting), worsening of inflammation of the stomach or intestine

- Leg cramps
- Raised itchy rash (hives)
- Eye inflammation
- Difficulty breathing
- Skin discolouration (bruising)
- Chest pain (generalised pain not related to the heart)
- Face swelling

Rare Side Effects

- Low white blood cell count (leukopenia), low number of platelet count (thrombocytopenia)
- Confusional state, hallucinations
- Ataxia (abnormal eye movement, speech changed), lack of sense of taste
- Eye bleeding
- Irregular heartbeat
- Blockage of vessel in lung. (Pulmonary embolism)
- Lung inflammation
- Bleeding in stomach and intestine.
- Hepatitis
- Swelling in face, tongue, eye area; baldness

Very Rare Side Effects

- Low count of red blood cell, white blood cell and platelet (Pancytopenia)
- Severe allergic reaction
- Bleeding inside the skull, seizures.
- Blood vessel inflammation
- Liver failure.
- Weakness, pain, swelling of the muscle.
- Kidney problem.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring, or visiting the website www.npra.moh.gov.my (Consumer → Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF or Vaccine (AEFI))



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Storage and disposal of Vobrax

Storage:

- Keep out of the reach and sight of children.
- Do not use Vobrax after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- Store below 30°C.
- Do not use Vobrax if the capsules are chipped or there are other visible signs of deterioration.

Date of revision:

27 February 2026

Serial Number:

NPRA(R2/1)260324/00033

Disposal:

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

Product Description

What it looks like?:

Size 2 white capsules characterized with yellow ribbon ring and CH91 on surface, filled with white to off white granular powder inside.

Ingredients in Vobrax

Active ingredients:

Celecoxib

Inactive ingredients:

*Lactose monohydrate,
Polyvinylpyrrolidone, Croscarmellose
Sodium, Magnesium Stearate, and
Sodium Lauryl Sulfate.*

Manufacturer:

Chen Ho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
Sinying Plant
No. 23, Singong Road, Jiafang Vill.,
Sinying Dist., Tainan City, 730
Taiwan, R.O.C.

Product Registration Holder:

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MAL number: MAL20076034ACZ