

COMOZOL CREAM 2%w/w

Consumer Medication Information Leaflet (RiMUP)

Ketoconazole (20mg per gram)

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What Comozol cream is used for

Comozol cream is used for fungal and yeast infections of the skin in adults.

Infections may appear on the:

- Trunk, chest or back
- Hands or feet
- Scalp or face
- Groin or genitals

How Comozol cream works

Comozol cream works by killing the fungus that causes the infection.

Before you use Comozol cream

- When you must not use it

- If you are allergic to anything in Comozol cream
- For eye infections

Do not use this medicine if the above applies to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Comozol cream.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

There are no known risks with the use of COMOZOL cream in pregnancy or breast-feeding.

- Before you start to use it

- Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using this medicine
- If you have recently used a cream, ointment or lotion on your skin infection that contains a steroid: You should continue to apply a mild steroid (such as hydrocortisone) cream, ointment or lotion in the morning whilst applying COMOZOL Cream in the evening. The mild steroid treatment can then be gradually stopped over a period of 2-3 weeks.
- If you have any questions about stopping your steroid cream, ointment or lotion, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- Preparing your skin
Wash the infected skin and dry it well

- Taking other medicines

Comozol cream does not normally react with other medicines. However, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines. This includes medicines that you buy without a prescription or herbal medicines.

How to use Comozol cream

- How much to use

You should apply Comozol cream once or twice a day as instructed by your doctor. Depending on the type of infection and, treatment may last 2 to 6 weeks. Usually you will see signs of improvement after 4 weeks. If this is not the case, talk to your doctor.

For skin infections of the trunk, groin, feet and hands, apply Comozol cream once a day. For skin infections that usually occur on the face and on the chest with reddish brown patches and yellow or white scaling (seborrheic dermatitis), apply Comozol cream once or twice a day. Skin infections

will usually get better after 2 to 4 weeks and after that you can continue to use Comozol cream once or twice a week.

- When to use it

Use as directed by your doctor or pharmacist.

- How long to use it

Continue using Comozol cream for as long as your doctor recommends.

- If you forget to use it

Consult your doctor or pharmacist on what you should do if you forget to use it.

- If you use too much (overdose)

If you use Comozol cream more often than you should, it may cause some burning sensation, redness or swelling. If this occurs, stop using Comozol cream straight away.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

COMOZOL Cream should not be swallowed. If it is accidentally swallowed, contact your doctor.

While you are using it

- Things you must do

Take your medicine exactly as your doctor has told you.

Tell all the doctors, dentists and pharmacists treating you that you are taking Comozol cream.

Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking this medication.

- Things you must not do

Do not take any new medicines without consulting your doctor or pharmacist.

Do not apply COMOZOL Cream to the eyes.

Do not give COMOZOL Cream to anyone else, even if they have the same symptoms or condition as you.

- Things to be careful of

Driving and using machines

Comozol cream is not likely to affect you being able to drive or use any tools or machines.

Side effects

Like all medicines, Comozol cream can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Visit your doctor or pharmacist immediately if you experience any side effects after taking this medicine.

- Severe irritation or reddening of the skin where the cream has been used, or other signs of allergy during the first few days of treatment.
- Peeling or blistering of the skin.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice or suspect any of the following side effects:

Common side effects

- Burning sensation

Uncommon side effects

- Bleeding
- Discomfort
- Dryness
- Inflammation (contact dermatitis)
- Tingling
- Rash, hives (also known as nettle rash or urticaria)
- Sticky skin

You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring by calling Tel: or visiting the website nptra.moh.gov.my [Public → Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF) or Vaccines (AEFI)]

Storage and Disposal of Comozol cream

- Storage

Store in well closed containers, below 30°C.

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

- Disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

Product Description

- What it looks like

White and homogeneous cream

- Ingredients

- Active ingredient
Ketoconazole
- Inactive ingredients
Propylene glycol
Stearyl alcohol
Cetanol
Sorbitanmonostearate
Isopropyl myristate
Polysorbate 60
Butylatedhydroxytoluene
Purified water

- MAL number:

MAL

Manufacturer

DAE HWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.

495 Hanu-ro, Hoenseong-eup, Hoengseong-gun, Gangwon-do, Republic of Korea

Product Registration Holder

Eucogen Sdn. Bhd.
No 6A, Jalan Sungai Burung U32/U, Bukit Rimau, 40460 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia.

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February 2021

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