PRITAMOL CAPSULE 500MG
Description: Sz 0 hard gelatin capsules: pink opaque/grey opaque.
PRITAMOL TABLET 500MG
Description: White, oval, biconvex with top-scored tablet.
PRITAMOL TABLET 250MG
Description: Orange, round with top-scored tablet. Diameter = 10.00mm.
PRITAMOL SYRUP 250MG
Description: Red, strawberry flavoured syrupy solution.

This preparation contains PARACETAMOL. Do not take any other paracetamol containing medicines at the same time.

Contents:
PRITAMOL CAPSULE 500MG: Paracetamol 500mg/capsule
PRITAMOL TABLET 500MG: Paracetamol 500mg/tablet
PRITAMOL TABLET 250MG: : Paracetamol 250mg/tablet
PRITAMOL SYRUP 250MG: Paracetamol 250mg/5ml
Preservatives: Methylparabens 0.1%w/v
Propylparabens 0.01%w/v

Indications:
For the relief of fever and pain.

Pharmacology:
Paracetamol, an analgesic and antipyretic, acts by inhibiting prostaglandin synthesis in the CNS and, to a lesser extent, through a peripheral action by blocking pain-impulse generation. It produces antipyresis by acting centrally on the hypothalamic heat-regulating center to produce peripheral vasodilation resulting in increased blood flow through the skin, sweating, and heat loss.
Oral absorption is rapid and elimination is via hepatic metabolism and renal excretion.

Adverse Effects / undesirable Effect:
In recommended therapeutic dosage, paracetamol is usually well tolerated. Rarely, hypersensitivity and hematological reactions occur.
Cutaneous hypersensitivity reactions including skin rashes, angioedema, Stevens Johnson Syndrome/ Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis have been reported.

Warnings and Precautions:
- Caution in patients with hepatic or renal function impairment, and in patients regularly taking other hepatic enzyme inducing agents.
- Chronic use should be avoided, unless otherwise directed by physician.

Allergy alert: Paracetamol may cause severe skin reactions. Symptoms may include skin reddening, blisters or rash. These could be signs of a serious condition. If these reactions occur, stop use and seek medical assistance right away.

Overdosage:
Clinical features include diarrhoea, loss of appetite, nausea or vomiting, stomach cramps, unusual increase in sweating, and hepatic or renal failure'.
Treatment consists of emesis or gastric lavage, if appropriate. Oral administration of acetylcysteine should be instituted as soon as possible or within 10 to 12 hours after ingestion of an overdose. The recommended adult dose of acetylcysteine is 140 mg/kg body weight initially, then 70 mg/kg. body weight every 4 hours for 17 doses. Any dose vomited within 1 hour of administration must be repeated.

Dosage and administration:
Adults : Oral. 500mg to 1g three to four times daily. Total daily dose should not exceed 4g.
Children 7 to 12 years: Oral, 250 to 500mg three to four times daily.
4 to 6 years: Oral, 250mg three times daily.
Storage : Store in cool, dry place below 30°C. Protect from light. Keep out of reach of children.
Presentation / Packing : Capsule 500mg x 1000's; Tablet 250mg x 1000's, 500mg x 1000's
250mg/ 5ml x 60ml
Shelf life : 3 years
Manufactured & Distributed by : **PRIME PHARMACEUTICAL SDN. BHD.**
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14000 Bukit Mertajam, Penang, Malaysia.

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