

ZYVOX® 600 MG TABLETS

Linezolid (600 mg)

What is in this leaflet

1. What ZYVOX is used for
2. How ZYVOX works
3. Before you use ZYVOX
4. How to use ZYVOX
5. While you are using it
6. Side effects
7. Storage and Disposal of ZYVOX
8. Product Description
9. Manufacturer and Product Registration Holder
10. Date of Revision
11. Serial Number

What ZYVOX is used for

ZYVOX is an antibiotic. It is used to treat pneumonia, skin infections, and some bacterial infections that are resistant to other antibiotics.

How ZYVOX works

ZYVOX stops or slows the growth of bacterial cells.

Before you use ZYVOX

- When you must not use it

Do not use ZYVOX if you

- are allergic to linezolid or any other ingredients in this product
- are taking or have taken within the last 2 weeks any medicines known as monoamine oxidase inhibitors (e.g. phenelzine, isocarboxazid)
- have uncontrolled hypertension (high blood pressure)
- have pheochromocytoma (adrenal gland tumor)
- have thyrotoxicosis (excessive thyroid hormone)
- have carcinoid syndrome (signs and symptoms that occur secondary to carcinoid tumours)
- If you are taking any of the following medicines
 - pseudoephedrine
 - phenylpropanolamine
 - epinephrine
 - norepinephrine
 - dopamine
 - dobutamine
 - serotonin re-uptake inhibitors
 - tricyclic antidepressants
 - serotonin 5-HT₁ receptor agonists

- meperidine
- buspirone

Pregnancy and lactation

The effect of ZYVOX in pregnant women is not known. Therefore, it should not be taken in pregnancy unless advised by your doctor.

It is not known if linezolid is excreted in human milk. Therefore, ZYVOX should be taken with caution in nursing women. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine.

- Before you start to use it

Talk to your doctor before taking ZYVOX if you

- are at increased risk for bleeding
- have a pre-existing condition called myelosuppression in which your bone marrow activity is decreased
- are on medications that may decrease hemoglobin levels or platelet count
- have a history of seizures or have risk factors for seizures
- are taking any serotonergic agents, including antidepressants such as selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) and opioids
- have Hyponatremia and/or Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone Secretion (SIADH)
- are at high risk for life threatening systemic infections, such as those with infections related to central venous catheters in intensive care units

- Taking other medicines

Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from a pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

ZYVOX should not be taken with the following medicines:

- Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (e.g. phenelzine, isocarboxazid) in the last two weeks

- Sympathomimetic agents (e.g. pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine)
- Vasopressor agents (e.g. epinephrine, norepinephrine)
- Dopaminergic agents (e.g. dopamine, dobutamine)
- Rifampin
- Serotonin re-uptake inhibitors
- Tricyclic antidepressants
- Serotonin 5-HT₁ receptor agonists
- Meperidine or buspirone

How to use ZYVOX

- How much to use

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor and pharmacist carefully. They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet. If you do not understand the instructions on the label, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

Recommended dosage for adults and adolescents (12 years and above):

Infection	Dosage	Recommended Duration of Treatment (consecutive days)
Complicated skin and skin structure infections	600 mg every 12 hours	10-14
Community-acquired pneumonia, including concurrent bacteremia		
Nosocomial pneumonia		
Vancomycin-resistant <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> infections, including concurrent bacteremia	600 mg every 12 hours	14-28

ZYVOX® 600 mg TABLETS

Linezolid (600 mg)

Uncomplicated skin and skin structure infections	Adults: 400 mg every 12 hours	10-14
	Adolescents : 600 mg every 12 hours	

Recommended dosage for pediatric patients (birth through 11 years):

Infection	Dosage	Recommended Duration of Treatment (consecutive days)
Complicated skin and skin structure infections	10 mg/kg every 8 hours	10-14
Community-acquired pneumonia, including concurrent bacteremia		
Nosocomial pneumonia		
Vancomycin-resistant <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> infections, including concurrent bacteremia	10 mg/kg every 8 hours	14-28
Uncomplicated skin and skin structure infections	Below 5 years: 10 mg/kg every 8 hours 5-11 years: 10 mg/kg every 12 hours	10-14

- When to use it

Use as directed by your doctor or pharmacist.

- How long to use it

Continue taking for as long as your doctor recommends.

- If you forget to use it

Consult your doctor or pharmacist on what you should do if you forget to use it.

Take the missed dose as soon as you remember. If it is almost time for your next dose, wait until then to take the medicine and skip the missed dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for the missed dose.

- If you use too much (overdose)

Contact your doctor immediately or go to the Emergency Department of your nearest hospital, if you think you or anyone else may have taken too much of this medicine. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.

While you are using it

- Things you must do

Take your medicine exactly as your doctor has told you.

Tell all the doctors, dentists and pharmacists treating you that you are taking ZYVOX.

Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking this medication.

- Things you must not do

Do not stop taking the medicine unless advised by your doctor.

Do not take any new medicines without consulting your doctor.

Do not give ZYVOX to anyone else, even if they have the same symptoms or condition as you.

- Things to be careful of

Driving and using machines

This medicine may affect your ability to drive or use machines. If it makes you feel sick, dizzy or tired, or give you a headache, do not drive or use machines and contact your doctor immediately.

If signs or symptoms of rhabdomyolysis (breakdown of damaged muscle) are observed, you should stop using ZYVOX and tell your doctor immediately.

Side effects

Like all medicines, ZYVOX can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

You may develop diarrhoea while taking or after taking ZYVOX. If this becomes severe or persistent or you notice that your stool contains blood or mucus, you should stop taking ZYVOX immediately and consult your doctor.

If you take ZYVOX for longer periods you may get problems with your vision such as blurred vision, changes in colour vision, difficulty in seeing detail or if your field of vision becomes restricted.

Other side effects some patients have experienced while taking ZYVOX are:

- Abdominal pain/cramps/distension
- Nausea
- Vomiting
- Moniliasis (yeast infection)
- Abnormal blood tests
- Abnormal liver function tests
- Headache
- Taste alteration
- Reversible anemia
- Sideroblastic anaemia (a form of anemia in which the bone marrow produces ringed sideroblasts)
- Leucopenia (decreased number of white blood cells)
- Thrombocytopenia (decreased number of platelets)
- Pancytopenia (decreased number of red blood cells, white blood cells and platelets)
- Optic neuropathy (loss of vision due to damage to the optic nerve)
- Anaphylaxis (serious allergic reaction)

ZYVOX® 600 mg TABLETS

Linezolid (600 mg)

- Lactic acidosis
- Peripheral neuropathy
- Convulsions
- Rash
- Angioedema (swelling of the skin and mucous membranes)
- Tongue discoloration
- Bullous skin disorders (e.g. Stevens Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis)
- Superficial tooth discoloration.
- Rhabdomyolysis (breakdown of damaged muscle) - muscle pain, tenderness or weakness and dark urine

Visit your doctor or pharmacist immediately if you experience any side effects after taking this medicine. You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring by visiting the website npa.gov.my [Consumers → Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF) or Vaccines (AEFI)]

Storage and Disposal of ZYVOX

- Storage

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

Store below 30°C. Protect from light.

- Disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

Product Description

- What it looks like

ZYVOX tablets are capsule shaped, white to off-white coated, with “ZYV” debossed on one side and “600” debossed on the other.

- Ingredients

- Active ingredient:
Linezolid

- Inactive ingredients:
Corn starch, microcrystalline cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, sodium starch glycolate, magnesium stearate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, titanium dioxide, and carnauba wax.

- MAL number:

MAL20020874AZ

Manufacturer

Viatrix Pharmaceutical LLC
Road 689 Km 1.9
Vega Baja,
Puerto Rico (PR) 00693,
United States (USA)

Product Registration Holder

Pfizer (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.
Level 10 & 11,
Wisma Averis, Tower 2,
Avenue 5, Bangsar South,
No. 8 Jalan Kerinchi,
59200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Date of Revision

11/06/2025

Serial Number

NPRA (R1/1) 25042024/080

PLD - ZYVOX - 0625