

KLERIMED TABLET

Clarithromycin (250mg, 500mg)

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What Klerimed is used for

Klerimed is used for:

- respiratory tract infection
- skin and soft tissue infections
- helicobacter pylori infection associated with duodenal ulcer

How Klerimed works

Klerimed contains active ingredient clarithromycin. Clarithromycin is an antibiotic belonging to a group called the macrolides. Klerimed works by killing certain bacteria that cause infection.

Before you use Klerimed

- When you must not use it

Do not take Klerimed if you:

- are hypersensitive (allergic) to clarithromycin, other macrolide antibiotics such as erythromycin or azithromycin, or any of the other ingredients of Klerimed (listed in Product description).
- are taking ergotamine or dihydroergotamine tablets
- are taking terfenadine or astemizole (for hay fever or allergies) or cisapride (for heartburn) or pimozide (antipsychotic medicine) tablets
- are taking domperidone (used for nausea & vomiting)

- Before you start to use it

Take special care with Klerimed and tell your doctor or pharmacist if you:

- have any kidney problems
- have liver problems

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

This medicine may cause harm to your fetus. Please consult your doctor or pharmacist if you are pregnant, planning for pregnancy or breast-feeding before using any medicine.

- Taking other medicines

Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription, herbal and complementary medicines including:

- digoxin, disopyramide (medicine for heart disease)
- warfarin (blood thinner)
- carbamazepine or phenytoin (for epilepsy)
- theophylline (for asthma and breathing problems)
- lovastatin (to reduce cholesterol)
- triazolam or midazolam (sedatives)
- cyclosporine (use to prevent rejection after organ or bone marrow transplant)
- zidovudine (use to treat HIV infections)
- omeprazole, ranitidine (for gastric)

How to use Klerimed

- How much to use

For respiratory tract infections and skin infections:

Usual dose for adults, children of 12 years or older and elderly:
250mg twice a day

Dose can be increased to 500mg twice a day in more severe infections.

For Helicobacter pylori in which Klerimed tablets are taken together with one or two other medicines, your doctor will adjust the amount and frequency according to your severity of your condition.

The treatment combination which you receive may differ slightly from the above. Your doctor will decide which treatment combination is the most suitable for you. If you are unsure which tablets you should be taking or how long you should be taking them for, please consult your doctor for advice.

Individuals with severe kidney problems

Dose adjustment will be done by your doctor.

Children below twelve (12) years should use the oral suspension only

- When to use it

You may take Klerimed with or without food. Use as directed by your doctor or pharmacist.

- How long to use it

Use Klerimed for the duration that the doctor recommends. The therapy may last from 7-14 days.

Consult your doctor if the condition does not improve. Do not stop taking Klerimed tablets because you feel better. It is important to take the tablets for the duration as the doctor has told you to, otherwise the problem might come back.

- If you forget to use it

Take the missed dose as soon as you remember. If it is almost time for your next dose, wait until then to take the medicine and skip the missed dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for a missed dose.

- If you use too much (overdose)

Contact your doctor immediately or go to the Emergency Department of your nearest hospital, if you or anyone else may have used too much of this medicine. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.

Taking too much tablets may cause gastrointestinal discomfort such as nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

While you are using it

- Things you must do

Take your medicine exactly as your doctor has told you.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist treating you that you are taking Klerimed.

Tell your doctor immediately if you have become pregnant while taking this medication.

Take Klerimed only with a doctor's prescription.

- Things you must not do

Do not stop taking the medicine unless advised by your doctor.

Do not take any new medicines without consulting your doctor.

Do not give Klerimed to anyone else, even if they have the same symptoms or condition as you.

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- Things to be careful of

During prolonged or repeated therapy, there is a possibility of other types of infections. Consult the doctor if your condition does not improve or worsen.

Driving and using machines

Klerimed is not expected to interfere with your ability to drive or use machinery.

Side effects

Like all medicines, Klerimed can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

These may include:

- gastrointestinal symptoms (nausea, indigestion, abdominal pain, diarrhea, vomiting, inflammation of mouth and tongue)
- allergic reactions such as hives, skin eruptions
- headache, dizziness, anxiety, difficulty sleeping, confusion, nightmares, seeing or hearing things, and psychoses
- spinning sensation, ringing in ears, hearing loss(reversible)
- change in taste and sense of smell
- tooth discoloration
- liver disorder (abnormal liver function test results, inflammation of the liver or yellowing of the skin and eyes)
- joint pain, muscle pain
- kidney problems, inflammation of pancreas
- changes in the heart rhythm
- reduction in blood sugar level
- reduction in white blood cells and platelet
- fungal infection inside mouth

Klerimed may cause severe allergy and serious skin reactions. Stop using Klerimed and seek medical assistance immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

- skin reddening, blisters, rash, fever, sore throat or eye irritation

Visit your doctor or pharmacist immediately if you experience any side effects after using this medicine.

You may report any side effects or adverse drug reactions directly to the National Centre for Adverse Drug Reaction Monitoring by visiting the website npra.gov.my [Consumers→

Reporting Side Effects to Medicines (ConSERF) or Vaccines (AEFI)]

Storage and Disposal of Klerimed

- Storage

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

Store below 30°C, in the original package.

- Disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

Product Description

- What it looks like

Klerimed 250mg – yellow film-coated, oval-shaped, convex tablets, scored on one side, with dimensions of 14 × 8mm

Klerimed 500mg – yellow film-coated, oval-shaped, convex tablets, scored on one side, with dimensions of 19 × 10mm

- Ingredients

- Active ingredient

The active ingredient is clarithromycin

- Inactive ingredients

Microcrystalline cellulose, colloidal anhydrous silica, povidone, stearic acid, talc, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, hypromellose, propylene glycol, sorbitan monooleate, vanilla dry flavour, quinoline yellow lake (E104), titanium dioxide (E171), hydroxypropyl cellulose, sorbic acid

- MAL number:

Klerimed	250mg	Tablet
MAL05101667AZ		
Klerimed	500mg	Tablet
MAL05101668AZ		

Manufacturer

MEDOCHEMIE (FAR EAST) LTD-ORAL FACILITY, 40, Street 6, Vietnam-Singapore Industrial Park II, Hoa Phu Ward, Thu Dau Mot Town, Binh Duong Province, Vietnam

Product Registration Holder

KOMEDIC SDN BHD
4, Jalan PJS 11/14, Bandar Sunway,
46150 Petaling Jaya, Selangor DE.

Date of revision

24/03/2023

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